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1. (original) A method for broadcast encryption, comprising:

assigning each user in a group of users respective private information I_u;

selecting at least one session encryption key K;

partitioning users not in a revoked set R into disjoint subsets S_{i1},...S_{im} having associated

subset keys L_{i1},...L_{im}; and

encrypting the session key K with the subset keys L₁₁,...,L_{5n} to render m encrypted versions

of the session key K.

2. (original) The method of Claim 1, further comprising partitioning the users into groups

S₁,...,S_w, wherein "w" is an integer, and the groups establish subtrees in a tree.

3. (original) The method of Claim 2, wherein the tree is a complete binary tree.

4. (original) The method of Claim 1, further comprising using private information I, to decrypt

the session key.

5. (original) The method of Claim 4, wherein the act of decrypting includes using information

 i_j such that a user belongs to a subset S_{ij} , and retrieving a subset key L_{ij} using the private information of the

user.

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6. (original) The method of Claim 2, wherein each subset S₁₁,...S_{1m} includes all leaves in a

subtree rooted at some node vi, at least each node in the subtree being associated with a respective subset key,

(original) The method of Claim 6, wherein content is provided to users in at least one message

defining a header, and the header includes at most r*log(N/r) subset keys and encryptions, wherein r is the

number of users in the revoked set R and N is the total number of users.

8. (original) The method of Claim 6, wherein each user must store log N keys, wherein N is

the total number of users.

9. (original) The method of Claim 6, wherein content is provided to users in at least one

message, and wherein each user processes the message using at most log log N operations plus a single

decryption operation, wherein N is the total number of users.

10. (original) The method of Claim 6, wherein the revoked set R defines a spanning tree, and

subtrees having roots attached to nodes of the spanning tree define the subsets.

11. (original) The method of Claim 2, wherein the tree includes a root and plural nodes, each

node having at least one associated label, and wherein each subset includes all leaves in a subtree rooted at

some node v_i that are not in the subtree rooted at some other node v_i that descends from v_i .

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12, (original) The method of Claim 11, wherein content is provided to users in at least one

message defining a header, and the header includes at most 2r-1 subset keys and encryptions, wherein r is

the number of users in the revoked set R.

13. (original) The method of Claim 11, wherein each user must store $.5\log^2 N + .5\log N + 1$

keys, wherein N is the total number of users.

14. (original) The method of Claim 11, wherein content is provided to users in at least one

message, and wherein each user processes the message using at most log N operations plus a single

decryption operation, wherein N is the total number of users.

15. (original) The method of Claim 11, wherein the revoked set R defines a spanning tree, and

wherein the method includes:

initializing a cover tree T as the spanning tree;

iteratively removing nodes from the cover tree T and adding nodes to a cover until the cover

tree T has at most one node.

16. (original) The method of Claim 11, wherein each node has at least one label possibly induced

by at least one of its ancestors, and wherein each user is assigned labels from all nodes hanging from a direct

path between the user and the root but not from nodes in the direct path.

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17. (original) The method of Claim 16, wherein labels are assigned to subsets using a

pseudorandom sequence generator, and the act of decrypting includes evaluating the pseudorandom sequence

generator.

18. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein content is provided to users in at least one message

having a header including a cryptographic function E₁, and the method includes prefix-truncating the

cryptographic function E_{l} .

19. (original) The method of Claim 2, wherein the tree includes a root and plural nodes, each

node having an associated key, and wherein each user is assigned keys from all nodes in a direct path between

a leaf representing the user and the root,

20. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein content is provided to users in at least one message

defining plural portions, and each portion is encrypted with a respective session key.

21. (original) A computer program device, comprising:

a computer program storage device including a program of instructions usable by a computer,

comprising:

logic means for accessing a tree to identify plural subset keys;

logic means for encrypting a message with a session key;

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logic means for encrypting the session key at least once with each of the subset keys to render

encrypted versions of the session key; and

logic means for sending the encrypted versions of the session key in a header of the message

to plural stateless receivers.

22. (original) The computer program device of Claim 21, further comprising:

logic means for partitioning receivers not in a revoked set R into disjoint subsets S11,...Sten

having associated subset keys Lit,...,Lim.

23. (original) The computer program device of Claim 22, further comprising logic means for

partitioning the users into groups S1,...,Sw, wherein "w" is an integer, and the groups establish subtrees in

a tree.

24. (original) The computer program device of Claim 21, further comprising logic means for

using private information I_u to decrypt the session key.

25. (original) The computer program device of Claim 24, wherein the means for decrypting

includes logic means for using information i, such that a receiver belongs to a subset Si, and retrieving a key

L_{ii} from the private information of the receiver.

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26. (original) The computer program device of Claim 23, wherein each subset Si, ... Sim includes

all leaves in a subtree rooted at some node v_i, at least each node in the subtree being associated with a

respective subset key.

27. (original) The computer program device of Claim 26, wherein logic means provide content

to receivers in at least one message defining a header, and the header includes at most r*log(N/r) subset keys

and encryptions, wherein r is the number of receivers in the revoked set R and N is the total number of

receivers.

28. (original) The computer program device of Claim 26, wherein each receiver must store log

N keys, wherein N is the total number of receivers.

29. (original) The computer program device of Claim 26, wherein logic means provide content

to receivers in at least one message, and wherein each receiver processes the message using at most log log

N operations plus a single decryption operation, wherein N is the total number of receivers.

30. (original) The computer program device of Claim 26, wherein the revoked set R defines a

spanning tree, and subtrees having roots attached to nodes of the spanning tree define the subsets.

31. (original) The computer program device of Claim 23, wherein the tree includes a root and

plural nodes, each node having at least one associated label, and wherein each subset includes all leaves in

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a subtree rooted at some node v; that are not in the subtree rooted at some other node v; that descends from

 V_i .

32. (original) The computer program device of Claim 31, wherein logic means provide content

to receivers in at least one message defining a header, and the header includes at most 2r-1 subset keys and

encryptions, wherein r is the number of receivers in the revoked set R.

33. (original) The computer program device of Claim 31, wherein each receiver must store .5log²

 $N + .5\log N + 1$ keys, wherein N is the total number of receivers.

34. (original) The computer program device of Claim 31, wherein logic means provide content

to receivers in at least one message, and wherein each receiver processes the message using at most log N

operations plus a single decryption operation, wherein N is the total number of receivers.

35. (original) The computer program device of Claim 31, wherein the revoked set R defines a

spanning tree, and wherein (original) The computer program device includes:

logic means for initializing a cover tree T as the spanning tree; and

logic means for iteratively removing nodes from the cover tree T and adding nodes to a cover

until the cover tree T has at most one node.

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36. (original) The computer program device of Claim 35, wherein logic means assign labels to

receivers using a pseudorandom sequence generator, and the labels induce subset keys.

(original) The computer program device of Claim 36, wherein the means for decrypting

includes evaluating the pseudorandom sequence generator.

(original) The computer program device of Claim 21, wherein logic means provide content 38.

to receivers in at least one message having a header including a cryptographic function E_L , and (original) The

computer program device includes logic means for prefix-truncating the cryptographic function E₁.

39. (original) The computer program device of Claim 23, wherein the tree includes a root and

plural nodes, each node having an associated key, and wherein logic means assign each receiver keys from

all nodes in a direct path between a leaf representing the receiver and the root.

40. (original) The computer program device of Claim 21, wherein logic means provide content

to receivers in at least one message defining plural portions, and each portion is encrypted with a respective

session key.

41. (previously presented) A computer programmed with instructions to cause the computer to

execute method acts including:

encrypting broadcast content; and

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sending the broadcast content to plural stateless receivers and to at least one revoked receiver such that each stateless receiver can decrypt the content and the revoked receiver cannot decrypt the content.

42. (original) The computer of Claim 41, wherein the method acts further comprise: assigning each receiver in a group of receivers respective private information I₀; selecting at least one session encryption key K;

partitioning all receivers not in a revoked set R into disjoint subsets $S_{i1},...,S_{im}$ having associated subset keys $L_{i1},...,L_{im}$; and

encrypting the session key K with the subset keys $L_1, ..., L_{in}$ to render m encrypted versions of the session key K.

- 43. (original) The computer of Claim 41, wherein the method acts undertaken by the computer further comprise partitioning the users into groups $S_1,...,S_w$, wherein "w" is an integer, and the groups establish subtrees in a tree.
 - 44. (original) The computer of Claim 43, wherein the tree is a complete binary tree.
 - 44. (canceled).

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45. (original) The computer of Claim 44, wherein the act of decrypting undertaken by the

computer includes using information i_j such that a receiver belongs to a subset S_{ij} , and retrieving a key L_{ij}

using the private information of the receiver.

46. (original) The computer of Claim 43, wherein each subset $S_{i1},...S_{im}$ includes all leaves in a

subtree rooted at some node v_i, at least each node in the subtree being associated with a respective subset key.

47. (original) The computer of Claim 46, wherein content is provided to receivers in at least one

message defining a header, and the header includes at most r*log(N/r) subset keys and encryptions, wherein

r is the number of receivers in the revoked set R and N is the total number of receivers.

48. (original) The computer of Claim 46, wherein each receiver must store log N keys, wherein

N is the total number of receivers.

49. (original) The computer of Claim 46, wherein content is provided to receivers in at least one

message, and wherein each receiver processes the message using at most log log N operations plus a single

decryption operation, wherein N is the total number of receivers.

50. (original) The computer of Claim 46, wherein the revoked set R defines a spanning tree, and

subtrees having roots attached to nodes of the spanning tree define the subsets.

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51. (original) The computer of Claim 43, wherein the tree includes a root and plural nodes, each

node having at least one associated label, and wherein each subset includes all leaves in a subtree rooted at

some node v_i that are not in the subtree rooted at some other node v_i that descends from v_i .

52. (original) The computer of Claim 51, wherein content is provided to receivers in at least one

message defining a header, and the header includes at most 2r-1 subset keys and encryptions, wherein r is

the number of receivers in the revoked set R.

53. (original) The computer of Claim 51, wherein each receiver must store .5log² N + .5log N

+1 keys, wherein N is the total number of receivers.

54. (original) The computer of Claim 51, wherein content is provided to receivers in at least one

message, and wherein each receiver processes the message using at most log N operations plus a single

decryption operation, wherein N is the total number of receivers.

55. (original) The computer of Claim 51, wherein the revoked set R defines a spanning tree, and

wherein the method acts undertaken by the computer further include:

initializing a cover tree T as the spanning tree;

iteratively removing nodes from the cover tree T and adding nodes to a cover until the cover

tree T has at most one node.

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56. (original) The computer of Claim 55, wherein the computer assigns node labels to receivers

from the tree using a pseudorandom sequence generator.

57. (original) The computer of Claim 56, wherein the act of decrypting undertaken by the

computer includes evaluating the pseudorandom sequence generator.

58. (original) The computer of Claim 41, wherein content is provided to receivers in at least one

message having a header including a cryptographic function E_L, and the method acts undertaken by the

computer include prefix-truncating the cryptographic function E_L.

59. (original) The computer of Claim 41, wherein content is provided to receivers in at least one

message defining plural portions, and each portion is encrypted by the computer with a respective session

key.

60. (original) The method of Claim 11, wherein each node has plural labels with each ancestor

of the node inducing a respective label, and wherein each user is assigned labels from all nodes hanging from

a direct path between the user and the root but not from nodes in the direct path.

61. (original) A method for broadcast encryption, comprising:

assigning each user in a group of users respective private information I,;

selecting at least one session encryption key K;

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partitioning all users into groups $S_1,...,S_w$, wherein "w" is an integer, and the groups establish

subtrees in a tree;

partitioning users not in a revoked set R into disjoint subsets Sil,...Sim having associated

subset keys Li,...Lim; and

encrypting the session key K with the subset keys L_{il},...,L_{im} to render m encrypted versions

of the session key K, wherein the tree includes a root and plural nodes, each node having at least one

associated label, and wherein each subset includes all leaves in a subtree rooted at some node v, that

are not in the subtree rooted at some other node v_i that descends from v_i .

65. (previously presented) A receiver of content, comprising:

means for storing respective private information I,;

means for receiving at least one session encryption key K encrypted with plural subset keys,

the session key encrypting content; and

means for obtaining at least one subset key using the private information such that the session

key K can be decrypted to play the content, wherein the receiver receives content in at least one

message defining a header, and the header includes at most r*log(N/r) subset keys and encryptions,

wherein r is the number of receivers in a revoked set R and N is the total number of receivers.

66. (original) The receiver of Claim 65, wherein the receiver is partitioned into one of a set of

groups S₁,...,S_w, wherein "w" is an integer, and the groups establish subtrees in a tree defining nodes and

leaves.

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67. (original) The receiver of Claim 66, wherein subsets S_{i1},...,S_{in} derived from the set of groups

 $S_1,...,S_w$ define a cover.

68. (canceled).

69. (original) The receiver of Claim 67, wherein the receiver must store log N keys, wherein N

is the total number of receivers.

70. (previously presented) A receiver of content, comprising:

means for storing respective private information I_u;

means for receiving at least one session encryption key K encrypted with plural subset keys,

the session key encrypting content; and

means for obtaining at least one subset key using the private information such that the session

key K can be decrypted to play the content, wherein the receiver receives content in at least one

message defining a header, and wherein the receiver processes the message using at most log log N

operations plus a single decryption operation, wherein N is the total number of receivers.

71. (original) The receiver of Claim 67, wherein a revoked set R defines a spanning tree, and

subtrees having roots attached to nodes of the spanning tree define the subsets.

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72. (original) The receiver of Claim 67, wherein the tree includes a root and plural nodes, each

node having at least one associated label, and wherein each subset includes all leaves in a subtree rooted at

some node v_i that are not in the subtree rooted at some other node v_i that descends from v_i .

73. (previously presented) A receiver of content, comprising:

means for storing respective private information I,;

means for receiving at least one session encryption key K encrypted with plural subset keys,

the session key encrypting content; and

means for obtaining at least one subset key using the private information such that the session

key K can be decrypted to play the content, wherein the receiver receives content in a message having

a header including at most 2r-1 subset keys and encryptions, wherein r is the number of receivers in

the revoked set R.

74. (previously presented) A receiver of content, comprising:

means for storing respective private information I,;

means for receiving at least one session encryption key K encrypted with plural subset keys,

the session key encrypting content; and

means for obtaining at least one subset key using the private information such that the session

key K can be decrypted to play the content, wherein the receiver must store .5log² N + .5log N + 1

keys, wherein N is the total number of receivers.

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75. (previously presented) A receiver of content, comprising:

means for storing respective private information I_u;

means for receiving at least one session encryption key K encrypted with plural subset keys,

the session key encrypting content; and

means for obtaining at least one subset key using the private information such that the session

key K can be decrypted to play the content, wherein content is provided to the receiver in at least one

message, and wherein the receiver processes the message using at most log N operations plus a single

decryption operation, wherein N is the total number of receivers.

76. (original) The receiver of Claim 72, wherein the receiver decrypts the subset key by

evaluating a pseudorandom sequence generator.

77. (previously presented) A receiver of content, comprising:

a data storage storing respective private information I,;

a processing device receiving at least one session encryption key K encrypted with plural

subset keys, the session key encrypting content, the processing device obtaining at least one subset

key using the private information such that the session key K can be decrypted to play the content,

wherein the receiver receives content in at least one message defining a header, and wherein the

receiver processes the message using at most log log N operations plus a single decryption operation,

wherein N is the total number of receivers.

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78. (original) The receiver of Claim 77, wherein the receiver is partitioned into one of a set of

groups S_1, \ldots, S_w , wherein "w" is an integer, and the groups establish subtrees in a tree.

79. (original) The receiver of Claim 78, wherein subsets S₁₁,...,S_{1m} derived from the set of groups

 $S_1,...,S_w$ define a cover.

(original) The receiver of Claim 79, wherein the receiver receives content in at least one 80.

message defining a header, and the header includes at most r*log(N/r) subset keys and encryptions, wherein

r is the number of receivers in a revoked set R and N is the total number of receivers.

81. (original) The receiver of Claim 79, wherein the receiver must store log N keys, wherein N

is the total number of receivers.

(canceled). 82.

83. (original) The receiver of Claim 79, wherein one revoked set R defines a spanning tree, and

subtrees having roots attached to nodes of the spanning tree define the subsets.

84. (original) The receiver of Claim 79, wherein the tree includes a root and plural nodes, each

node having at least one associated label, and wherein each subset includes all leaves in a subtree rooted at

some node v_i that are not in the subtree rooted at some other node v_i that descends from v_i.

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85. (original) The receiver of Claim 84, wherein the receiver receives content in a message having

a header including at most 2r-1 subset keys and encryptions, wherein r is the number of receivers in the

revoked set R.

86. (original) The receiver of Claim 84, wherein the receiver must store $.5\log^2 N + .5\log N + 1$

keys, wherein N is the total number of receivers.

87. (original) The receiver of Claim 84, wherein content is provided to the receiver in at least

one message, and wherein the receiver processes the message using at most log N operations plus a single

decryption operation, wherein N is the total number of receivers.

88. (original) The receiver of Claim 84, wherein the receiver decrypts the subset key by

evaluating a pseudorandom sequence generator.

89-94 (canceled).

95. (original) The computer of Claim 42, wherein the act of partitioning is undertaken by a

system computer in a system of receivers separate from the system computer.

96. (original) The computer of Claim 42, wherein the act of partitioning is undertaken by a

receiver computer.

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- 97. (original) The receiver of Claim 67, wherein the receiver derives the subsets in the cover.
- 98. (new) The computer of Claim 41, wherein the method acts include using private information $I_{\rm u}$ to decrypt the session key.